

Managing Large Data Sets & Smart Archiving

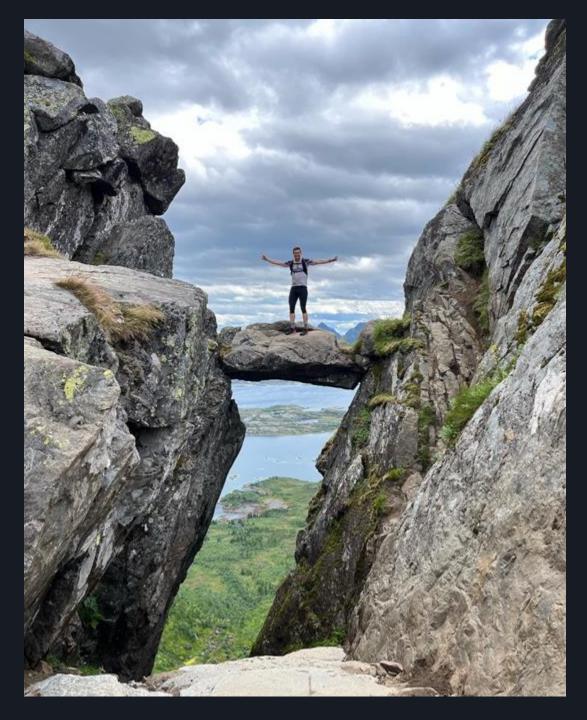
Johan Hedman Square Moon



Johan Hedman

Lead Developer at Square Moon

and curious adventurer!

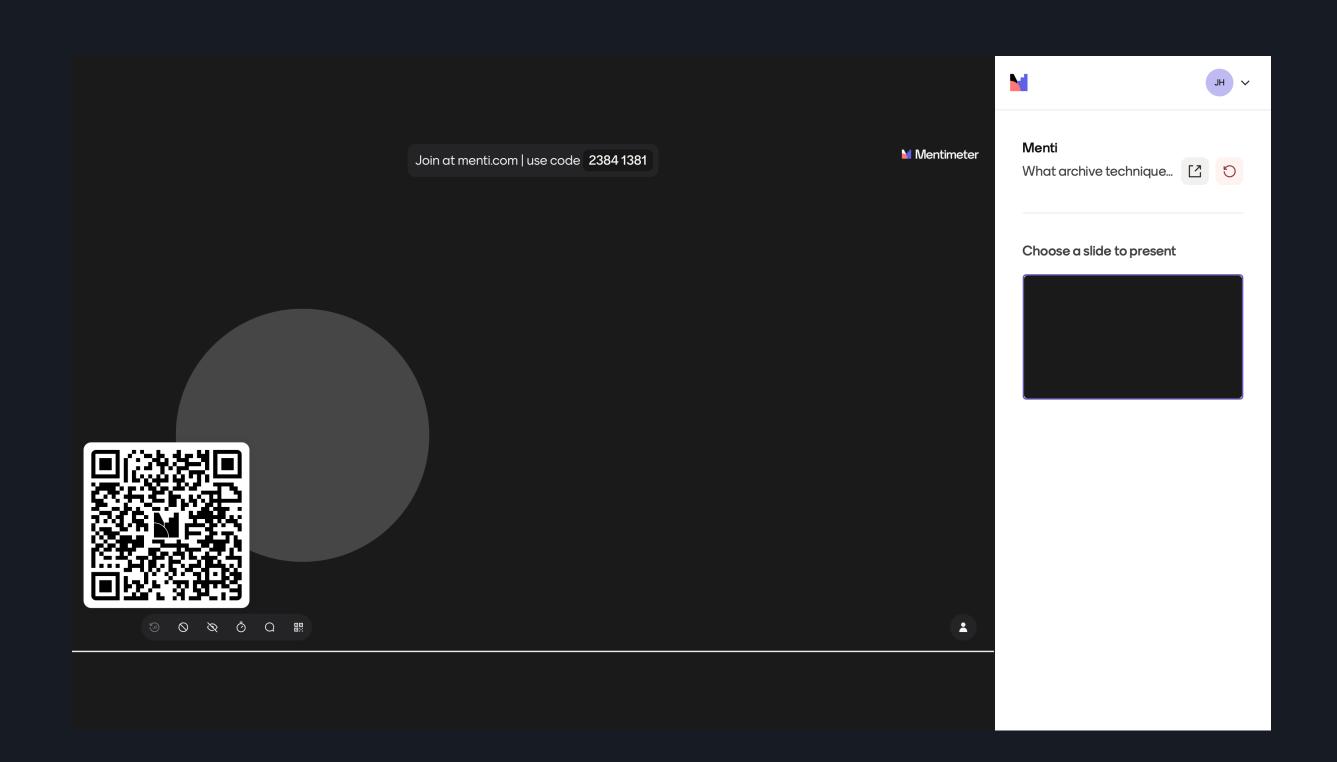






Do you archive data







Understanding the Problem



What Slow FileMaker down



Large record sets

Many fields

Calculations, especially Unstored Calculations

Index on non-critical fields

Complex relationships graph (TOGs)



Field Level Bottlenecks

Too many fields

Unstored Calculations – recalculated on every load or find

Auto-Enter Calculations – trigger to often

Index fields - large indexes grow exponentially with more data

Summary Fields – slows down list views and reports



Table Occurrency Group (TOG)

Every layout and calc linked to a TOG add processing costs

Complex joins – more data evaluated at once

Performance hits grow as more TOs are linked to one anchor



How to Work Smarter with Large Data sets

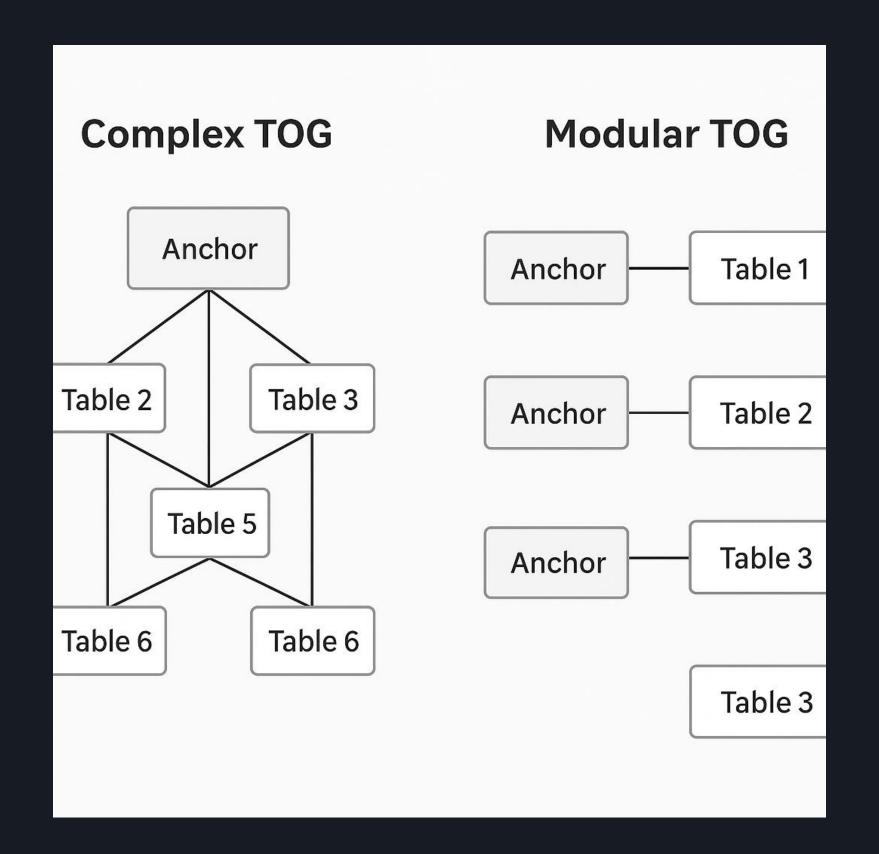
Minimize number of fields shown on high-traffic layouts

When possible, use stored calculcations instead of unstored

Watch your TO relationship like a performance budget

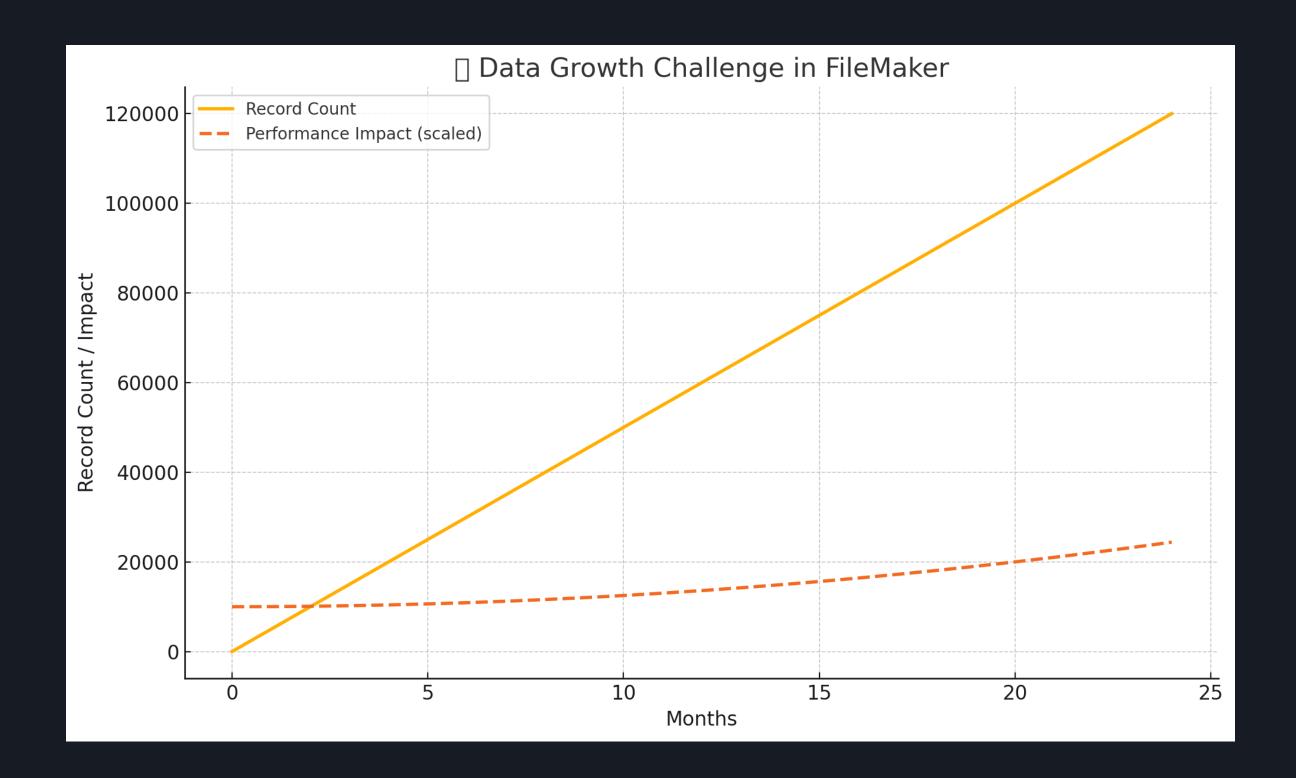
Archive rarely used data



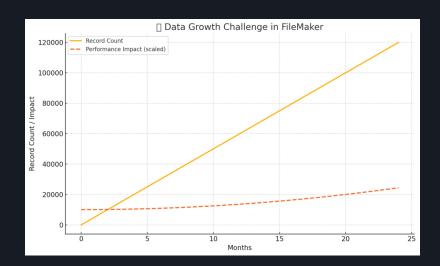


When to start taking action









100,000+ - Slower finds, indexing lag, especially with unstored calcs and noticeable UI slowdown, especially in list views and unoptimized layouts.

500,000+ - Portals load slowly, sorting becomes sluggish, script execution slows. Reports and searches take longer

1 million+ - Backup times increase, UI becomes clunky, multi-user stress grows

5 GB+ file size - File recovery becomes risky, longer downtime in case of corruption



The Cost of Holding Everything



Slower Performance



Bigger Backups



Complex UI for Users



Higher Hosting Costs



Delete vs Archive



Legal rules

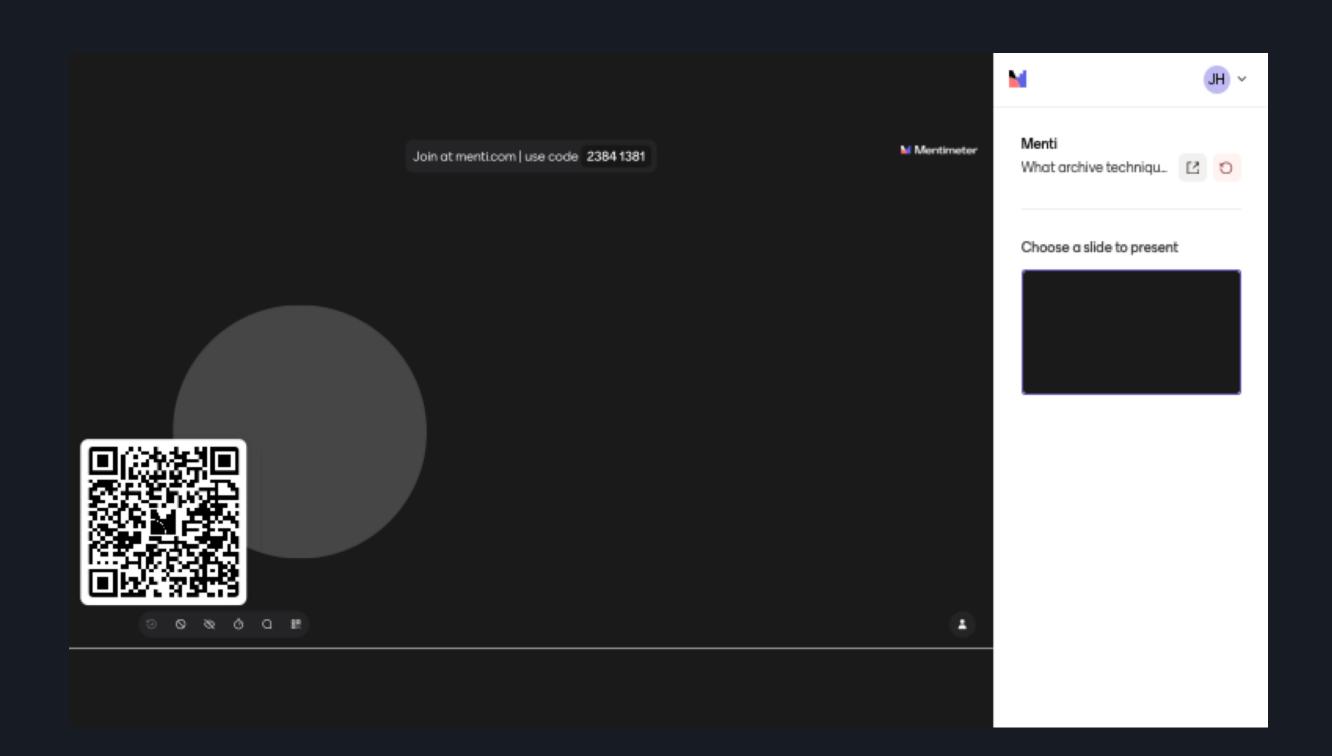


Operational needs



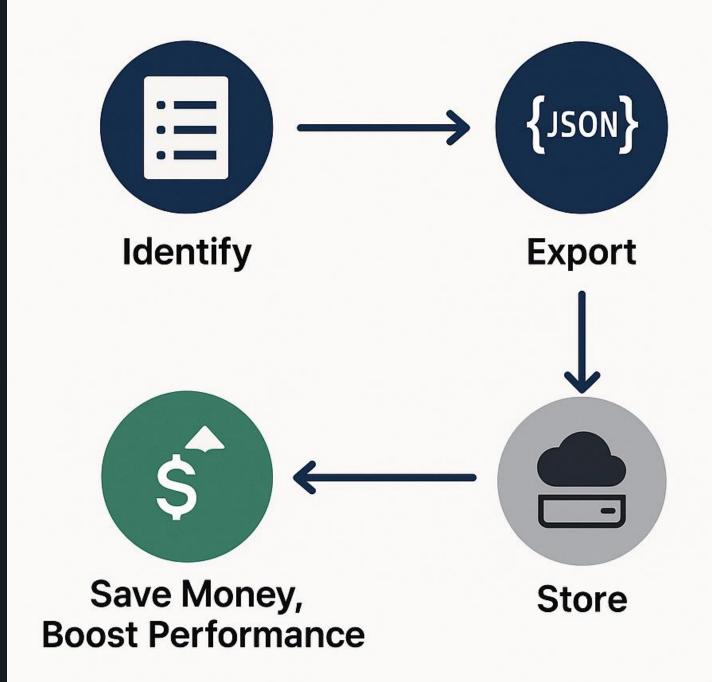
Historical insights

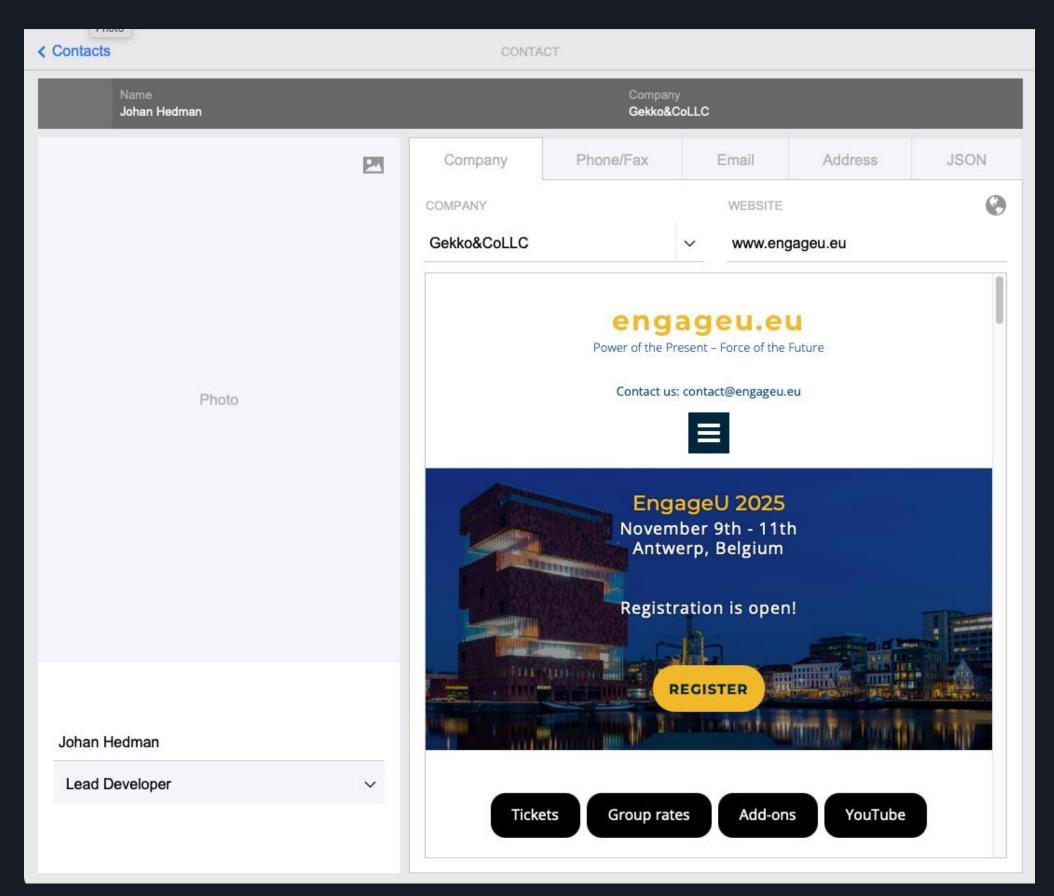


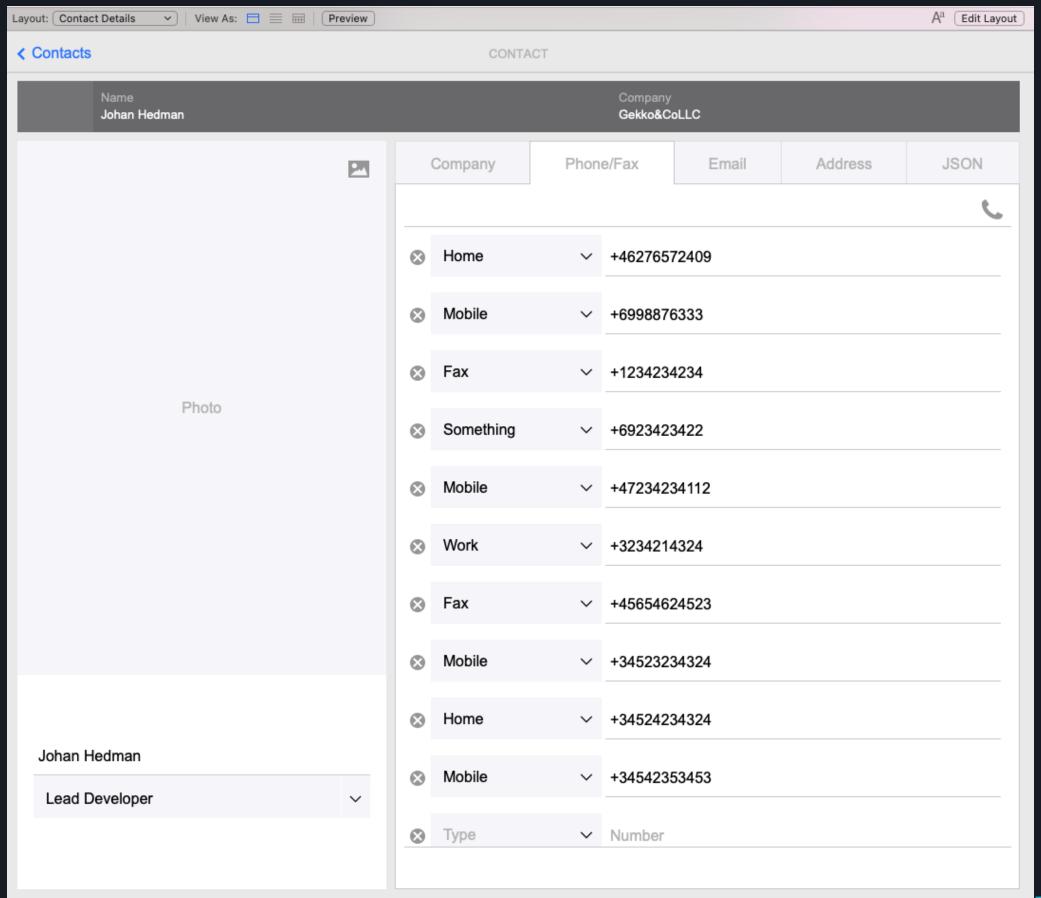


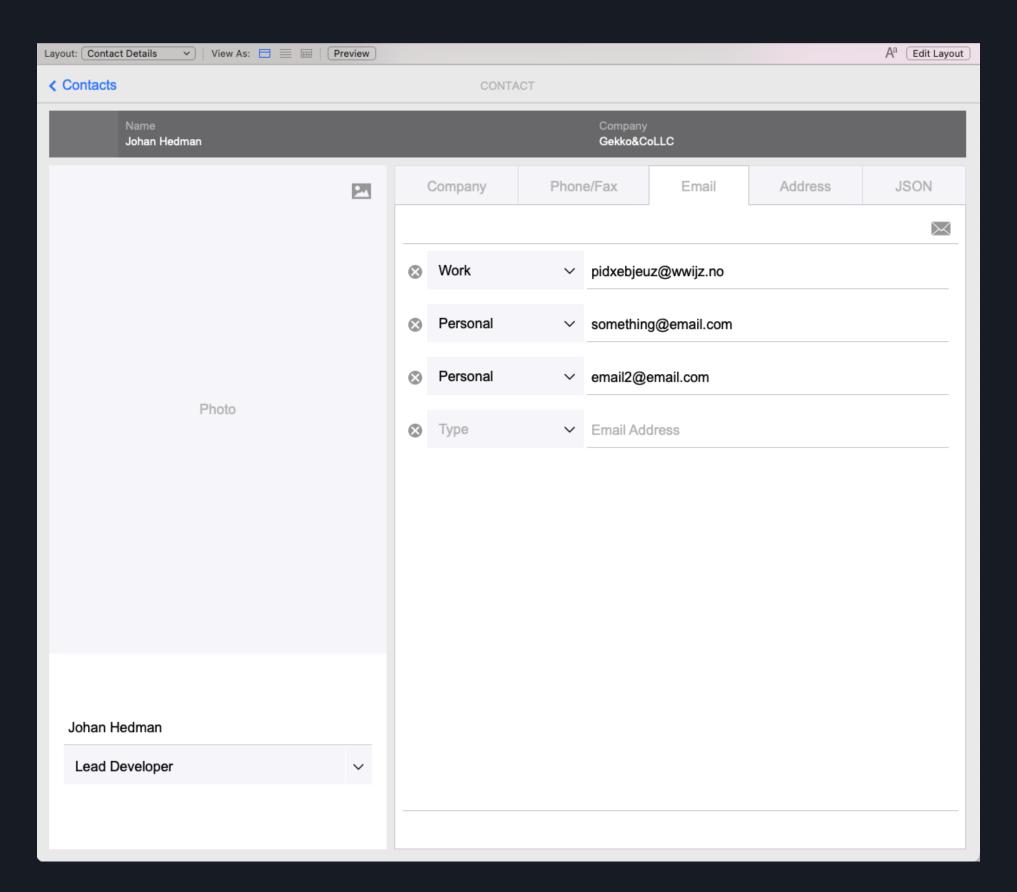


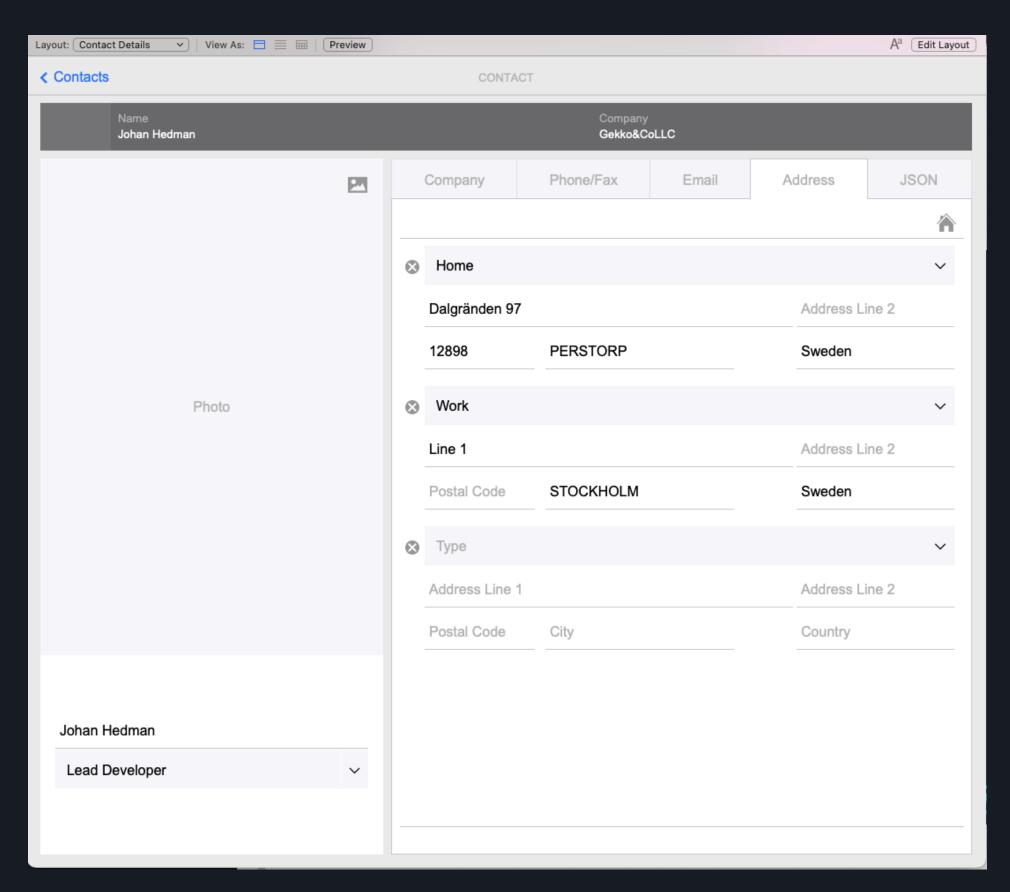
Introducing Smart Archiving

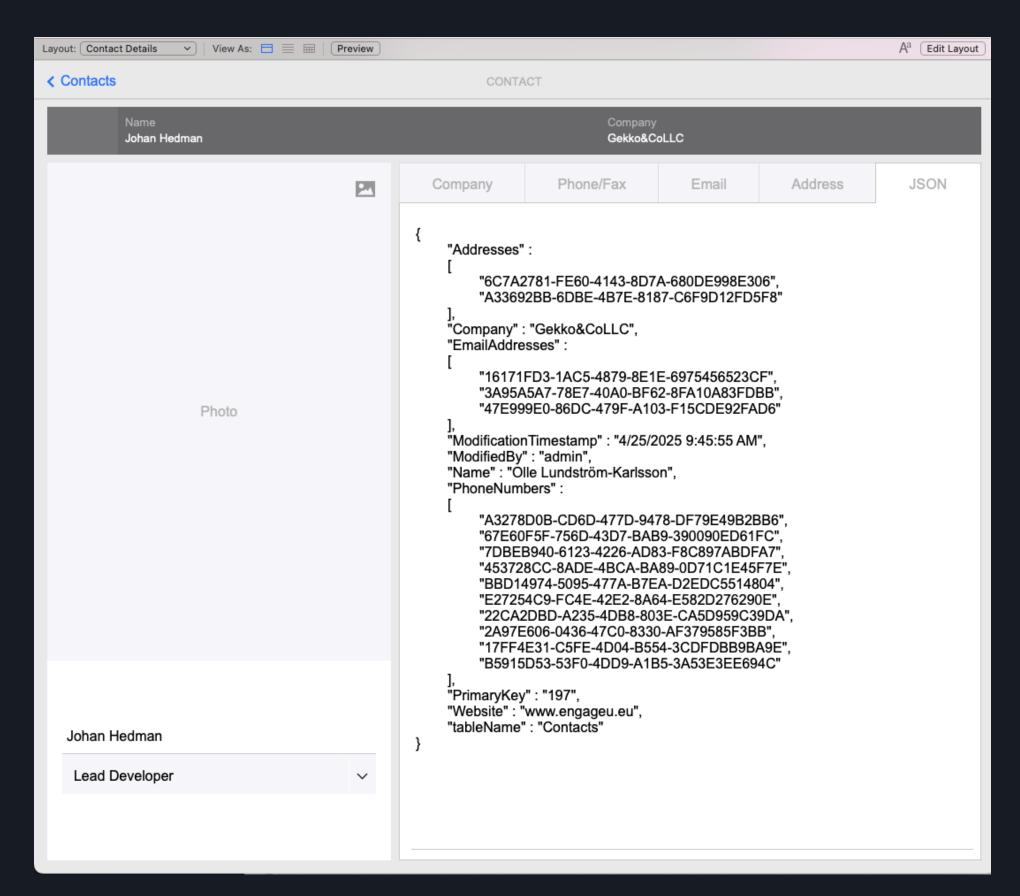












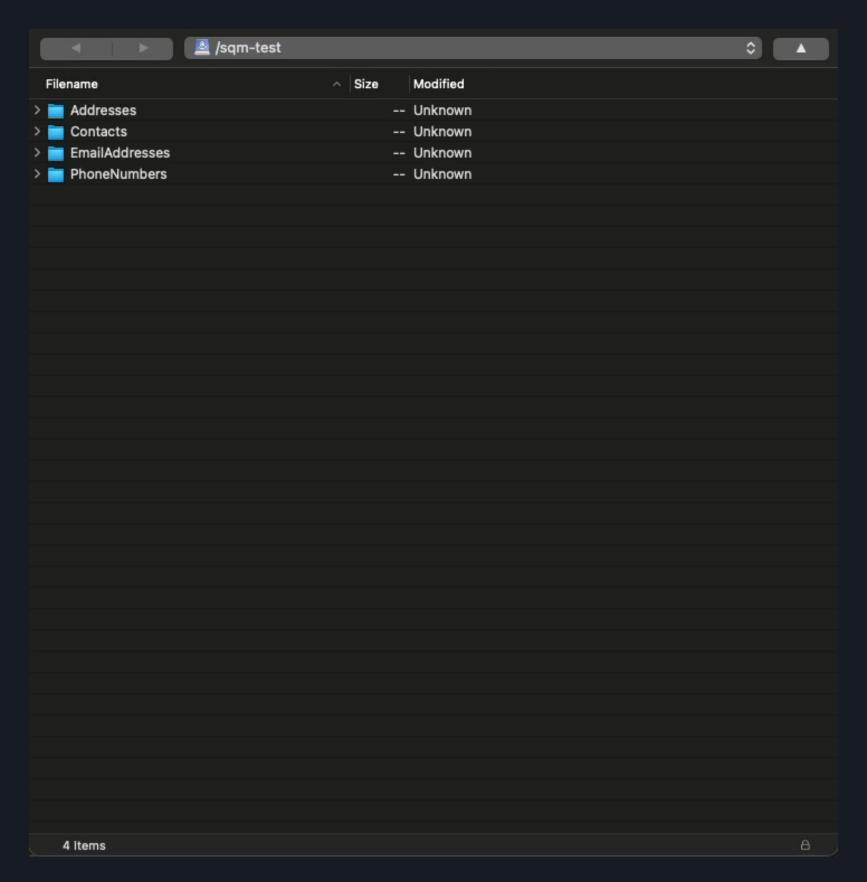
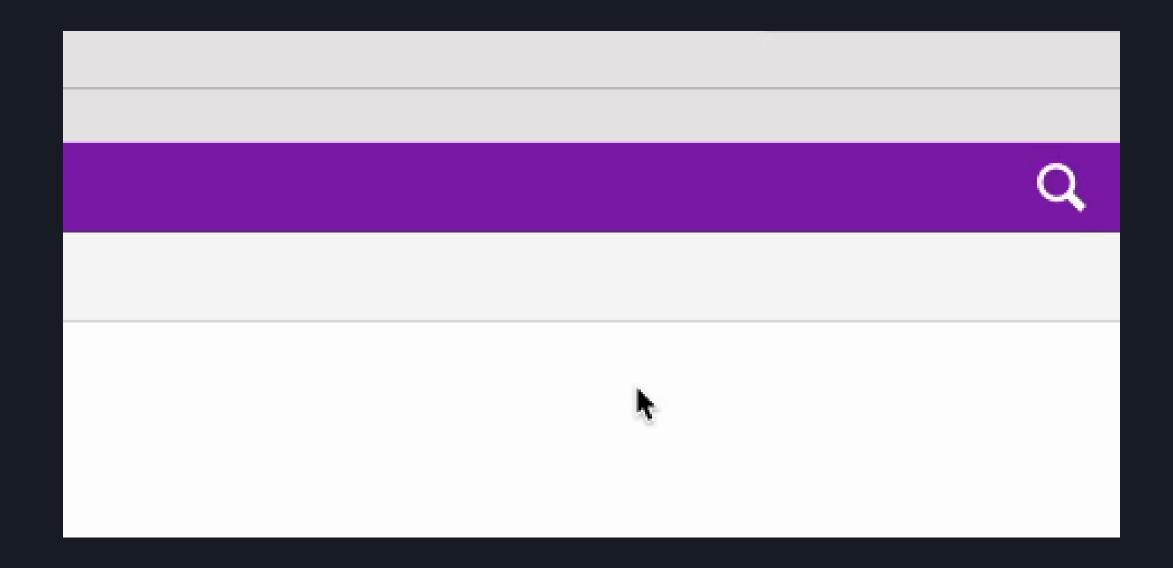


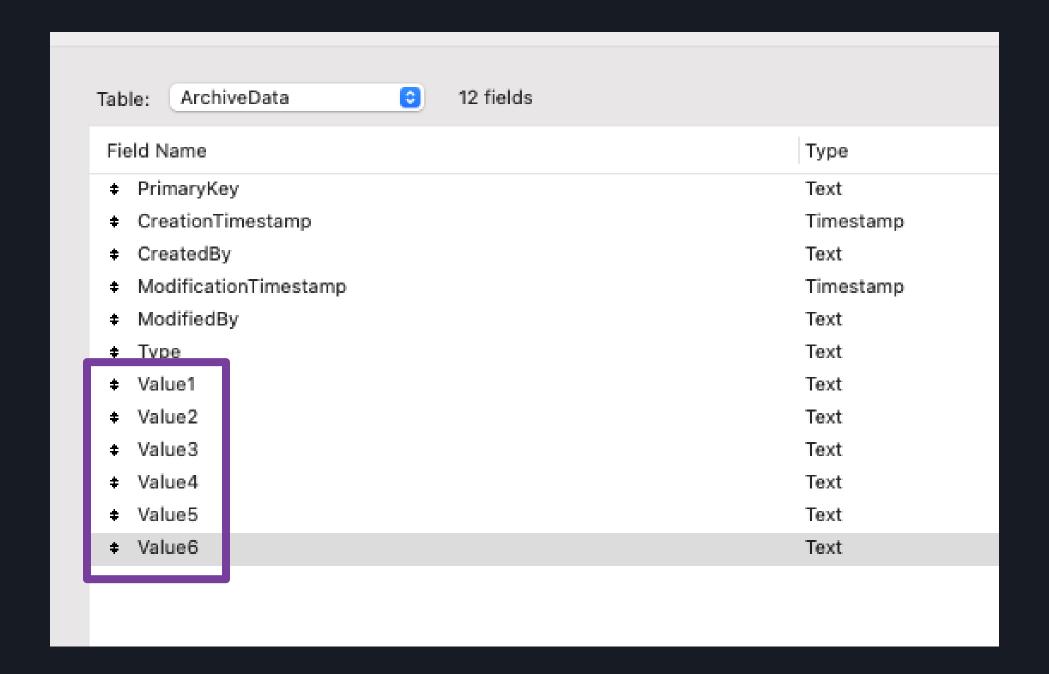


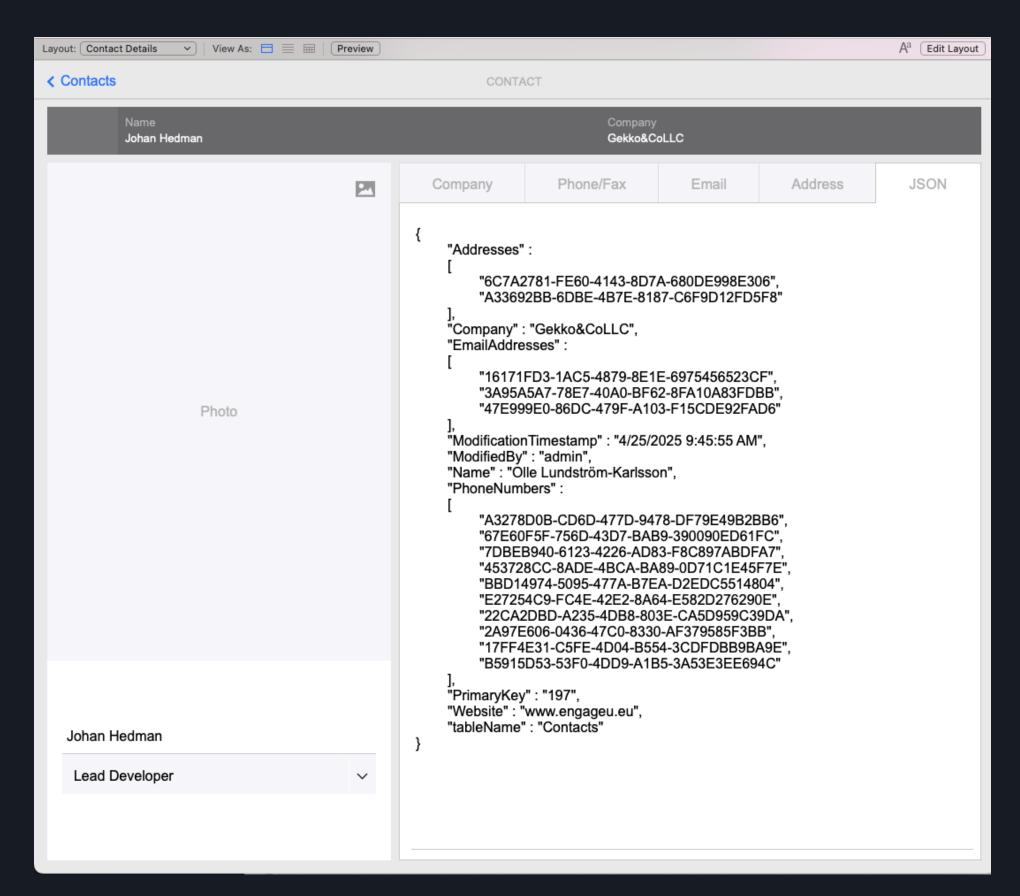
Table: ArchiveData 😊 12 fields	
Field Name	Туре
PrimaryKey	Text
CreationTimestamp	Timestamp
CreatedBy	Text
ModificationTimestamp	Timestamp
+ ModifiedBy	Text
	Text
value1	Text
+ Value2	Text
+ Value3	Text
	Text
	Text
	Text



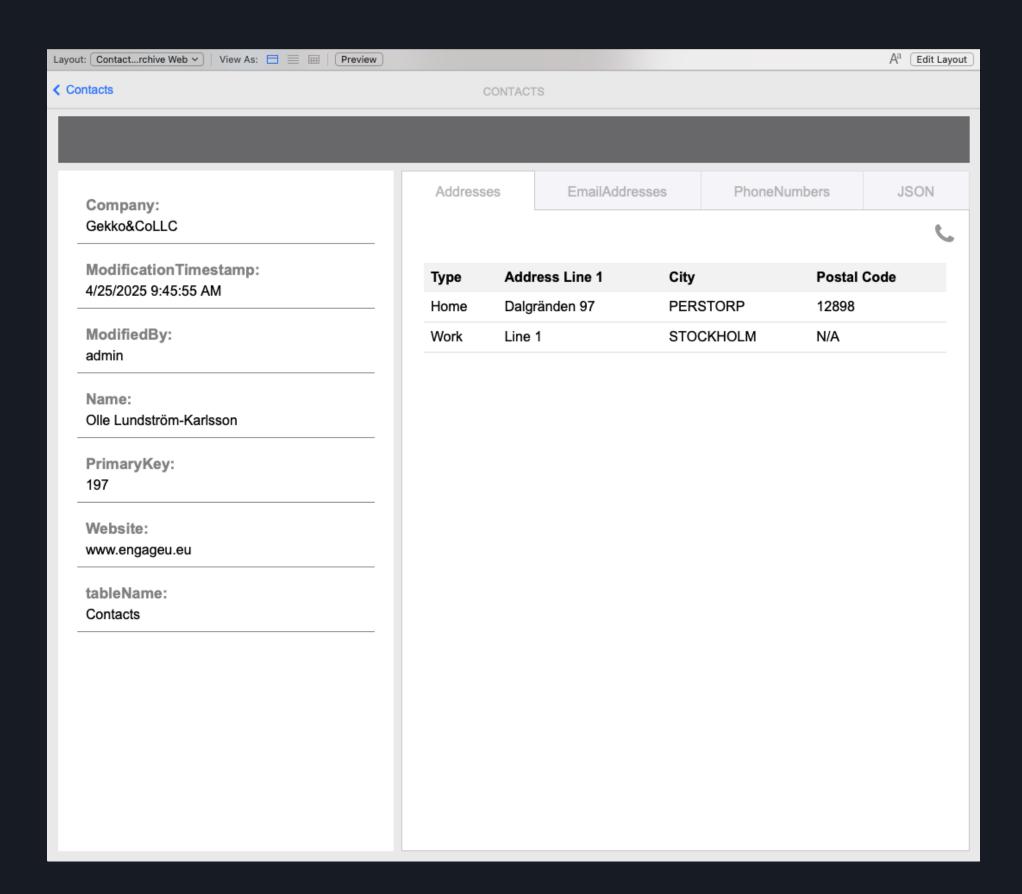


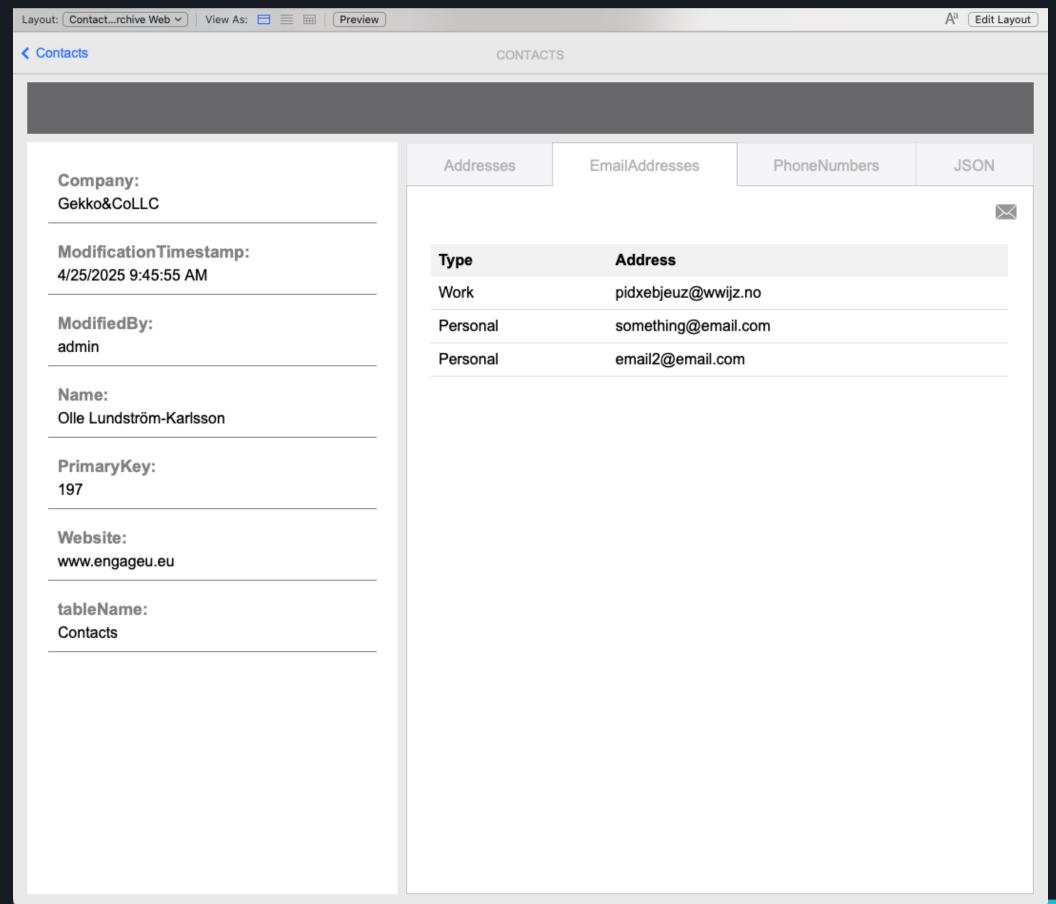


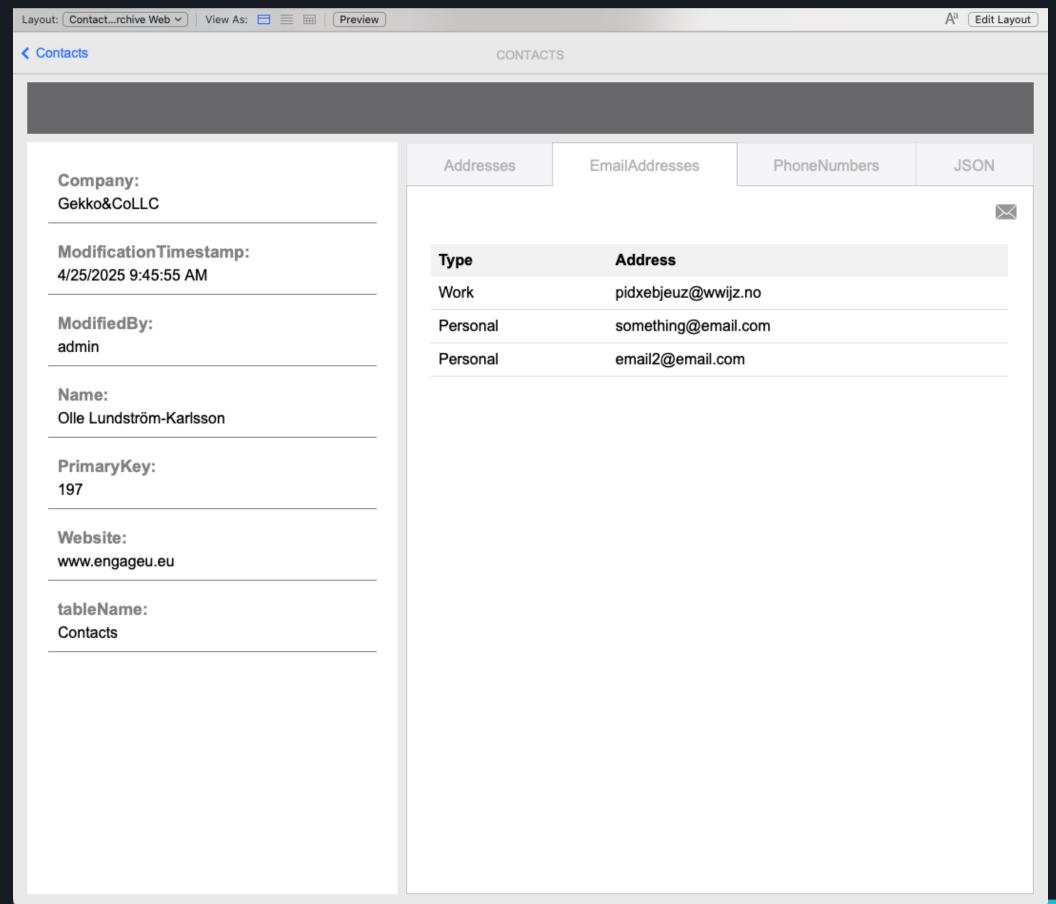


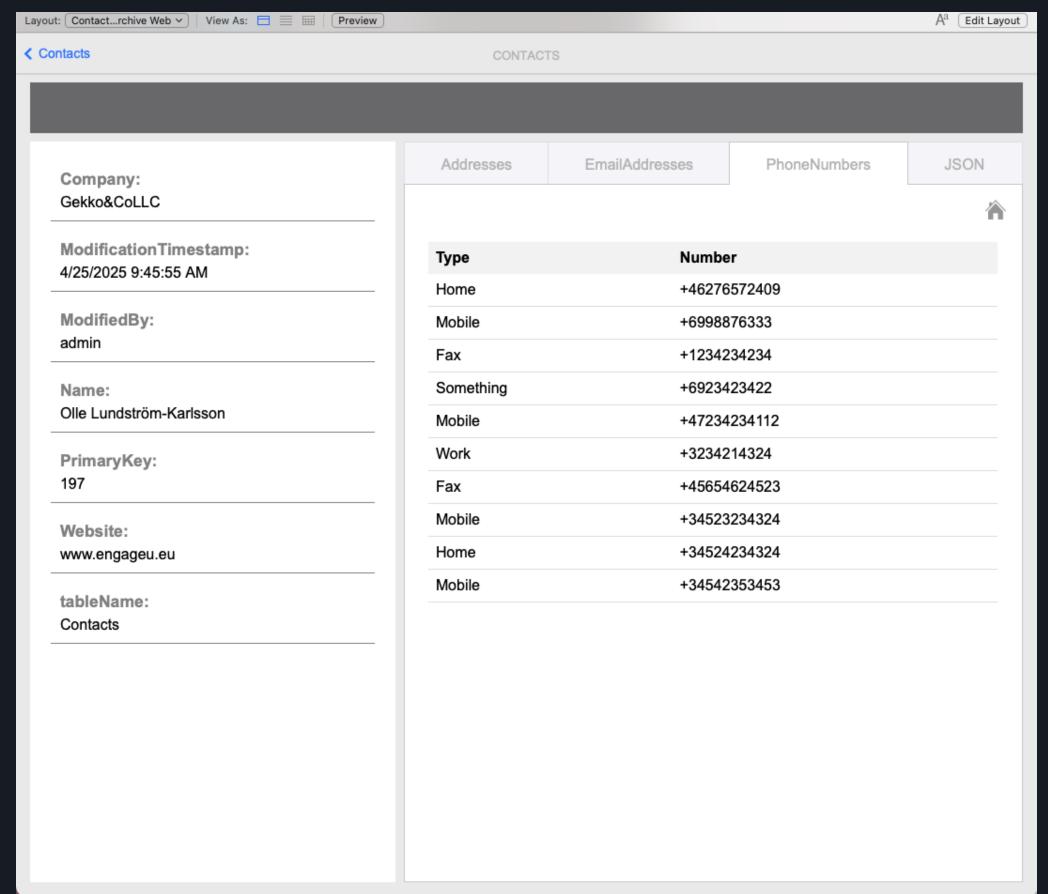


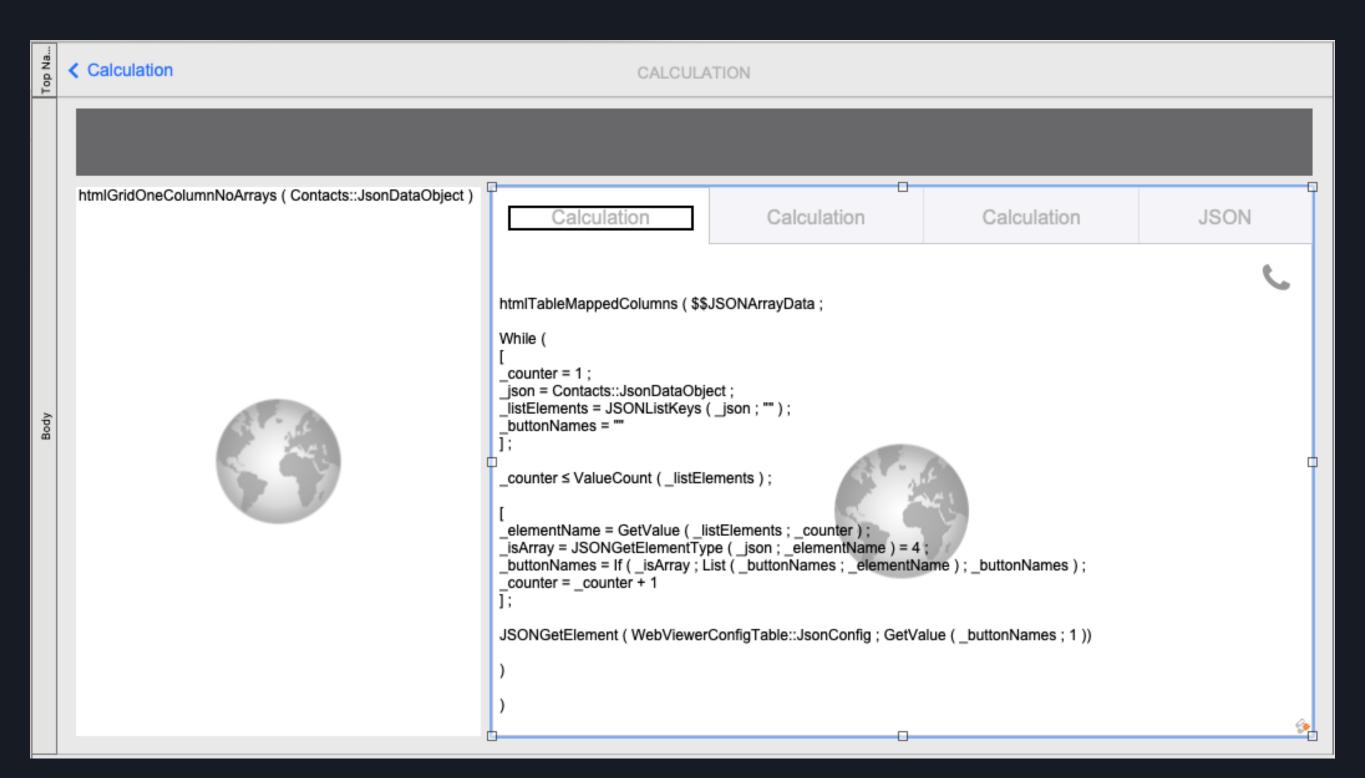


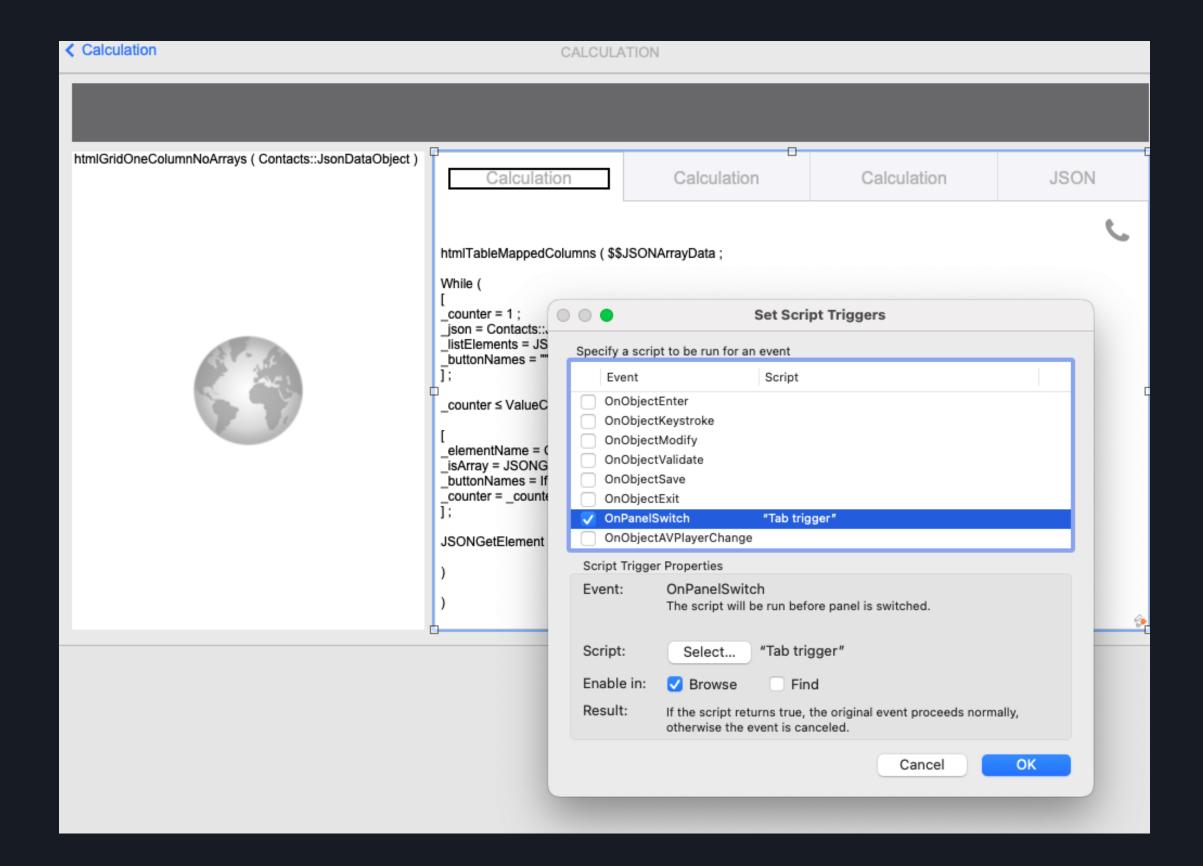












```
Tab trigger
    Set Variable [ $Param ; Value: GetValue ( Get(TriggerTargetPanel) ; 2 ) ]
2
     If [ $Param = "Phone" or $Param = 3 ]
3
4
         Set Variable [ $$JsonArrayData ; Value: "" ]
5
         Set Variable [ $counter; Value: 1]
6
7
         # Save all Phone data into same variable
8
         Loop [ Flush: Always ]
9
10
             Perform Script [ Specified: From list; "Get JSON Object"; Parameter: JSONSetElement ( ""; [ "type"; "PhoneNu...]
11
             Set Variable [ $PhoneJSON ; Value: Get(ScriptResult) ]
12
13
             If [ not IsEmpty ( $PhoneJSON ) ]
14
                 Set Variable [ $$JsonArrayData ;
                 Value: JSONSetElement ( $$JsonArrayData ; "[" & $counter - 1 & "]" ; $PhoneJson ; 3 ) ]
15
             End If
16
17
             Exit Loop If [ ValueCount ( JSONListValues ( Contacts::JsonDataObject ; "PhoneNumbers" ) ) = $Counter ]
18
             Exit Loop If [ $Counter = 10 ]
19
20
             Set Variable [ $counter; Value: $counter + 1]
21
22
         End Loop
23
24
     Else If [ $Param = "Email" or $Param = 2 ]
25
26
         Set Variable [ $$JsonArrayData ; Value: "" ]
27
         Set Variable [ $counter; Value: 1]
28
29
         # Save all Phone data into same variable
30
         Loop [ Flush: Always ]
31
32
             Perform Script [ Specified: From list; "Get JSON Object"; Parameter: JSONSetElement ( ""; [ "type"; "EmailAd...]
33
             Set Variable [ $EmailJSON ; Value: Get(ScriptResult) ]
34
35
             If [ not IsEmpty ( $EmailJSON ) ]
36
                 Set Variable [ $$JsonArrayData ;
```



```
X
                                                         Get JSON Object
 1
    # JSONSetElement ( "";
       [ "type" ; "PhoneNumbers" ; 1 ] ;
        "id" ; "A3278D0B-CD6D-477D-9478-DF79E49B2BB6" ; 1 ]
3
    # {"id":"A3278D0B-CD6D-477D-9478-DF79E49B2BB6","type":"PhoneNumbers"}
 5
    Set Variable [ $param ; Value: Get(ScriptParameter) ]
    If [0]
 8
         Set Variable [ $param ;
        Value: JSONSetElement ( "" ; [ "type" ; "PhoneNumbers" ; 1 ] ; [ "id" ; "A3278D0B-CD6D-477D-9478-DF79E49B2BB6"...
 9
    End If
10
11
    Set Variable [ $type ; Value: JSONGetElement ($param ; "type" ) ]
12
    Set Variable [ $id ; Value: JSONGetElement ($param ; "id" ) ]
13
14
    Set Variable [ $json ;
    Value: ExecuteSQL ( "SELECT JsonDataObject_c FROM " & $type & " WHERE PrimaryKey = ?" ; "" ; $id ) ]
15
16
    Exit Script [ Text Result: $json ]
```



"Set Variable" Options

Names prefixed by "\$" are local variables available only within the current script. Prefix the throughout the current file (global).

Name: \$param

Value: JSON

```
JSONSetElement ( "" ;

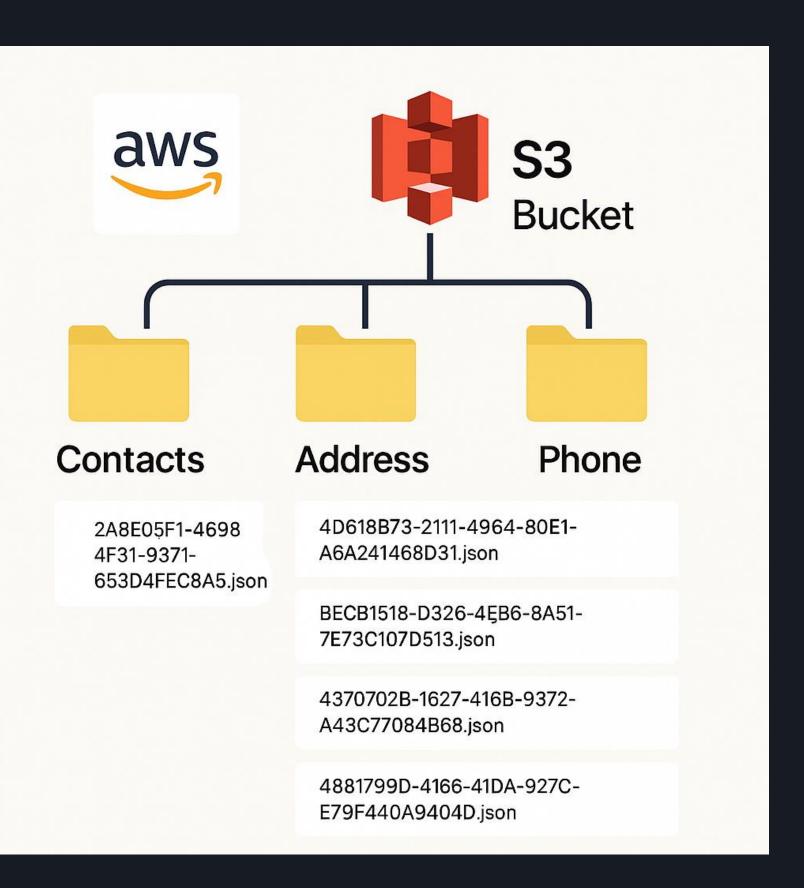
[ "type" ; "PhoneNumbers" ; 1 ] ;

[ "id" ; "A3278D0B-CD6D-477D-9478-DF79E49B2BB6" ; 1 ]
```

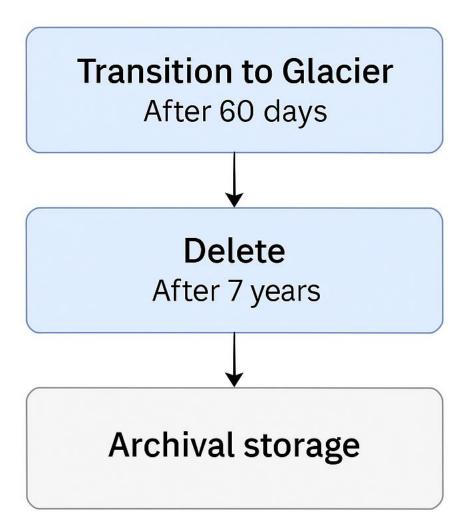


DEMO





S3 Lifecycle Policies



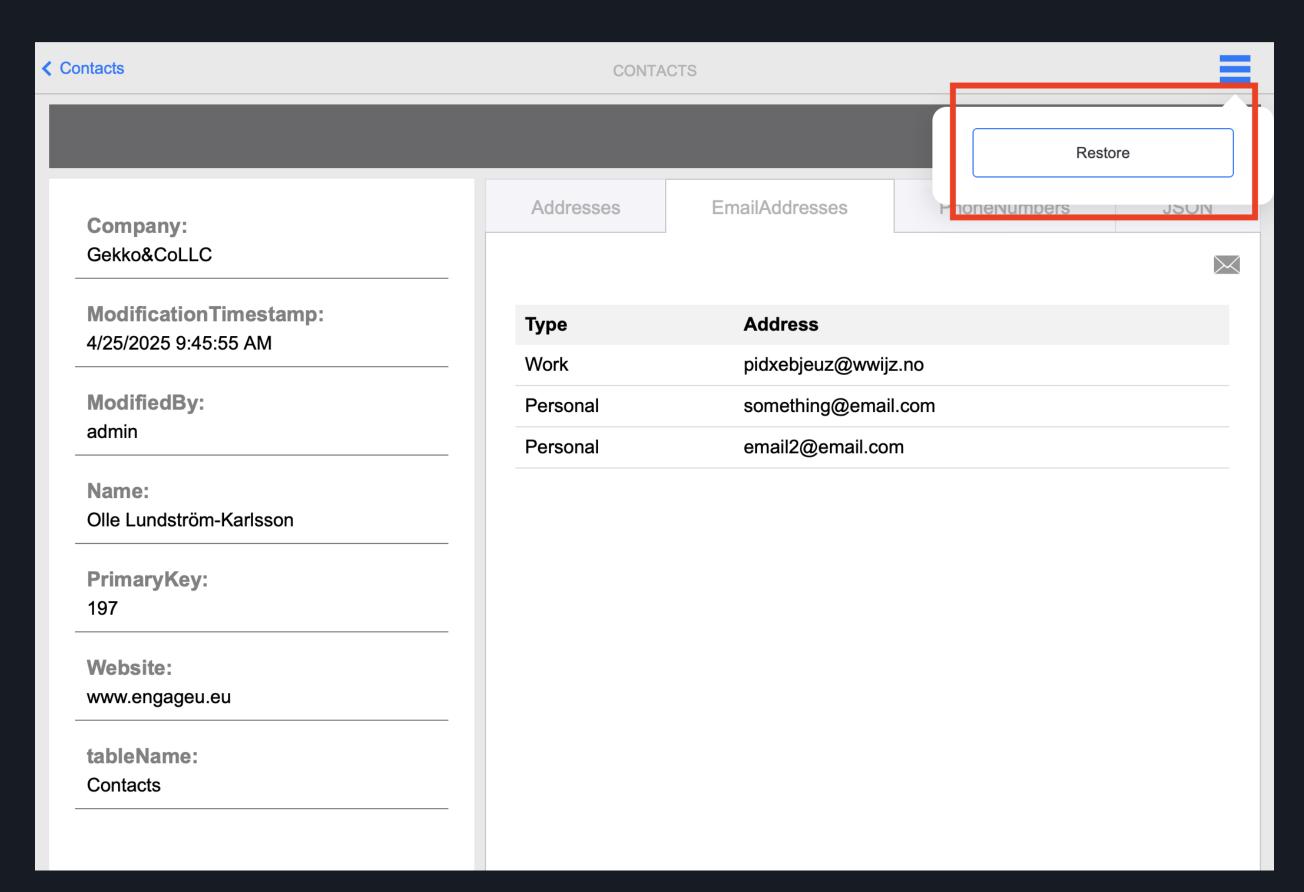


```
Layout: WebView...onfigTable >
                               View As: 🔲 🗮 📟
                                                      Preview
     JsonConfig
                             "Addresses" : "Type\rAddress Line 1\rCity\rPostal Code",
                            "EmailAddresses" : "Type\rAddress",
"PhoneNumbers" : "Type\rNumber"
```



TableName	DeleteAfterDays	Related
Contact	600	
Address	300	✓
Phone	300	✓







Summary



Summary

Improved performance

Cheaper storage

Easier scaling

Compliance



Q&A

